

Erratum

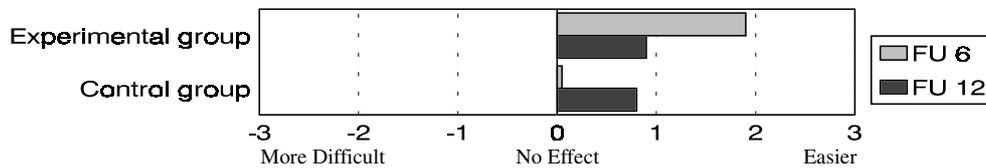
An early onset rehabilitation program for children and adolescents after traumatic brain injury (TBI): Methods and first results, Restor. Neurol. Neurosci. 14 (1999) 153–160

P. Melchers*, A. Maluck, L. Suhr, S. Scholten and G. Lehmkuhl

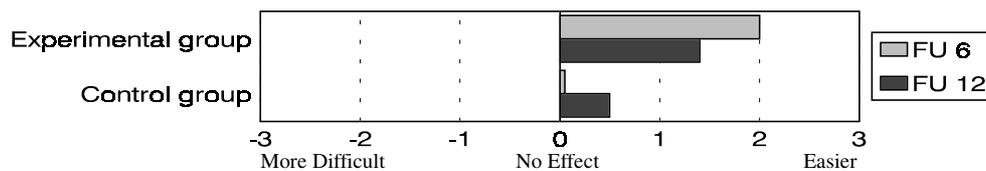
Our paper contains an error in the labeling of Fig. 3 (Quality of Life assessment), which may lead to substantial misinterpretation. In questions 3 ('Did the treatment and consulting with the therapists influence your bearing and dealing with the trauma and its consequences? Did it become easier or more difficult?') and 4 ('Did your active role in the

treatment make your bearing of the situation easier or more difficult?') the labels *Easier* and *More Difficult* were erroneously reversed. As correctly stated in the *Discussion*, parents found the additional therapeutic support and their active participation in the treatment to be helpful in coping with their situation of facing a severely traumatized child.

Did the treatment and the consulting with the therapists influence your bearing and dealing with the trauma and its consequences? Did it become easier or more difficult?



Did your active role in the treatment make your bearing of the situation easier or more difficult?



Corrected Fig. 3: Quality of Life assessment (selected questions with first results)

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