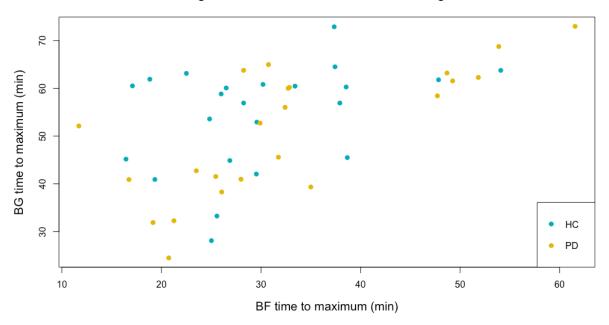
Supplementary Material

Postprandial Increase in Mesenteric Blood Flow Is Attenuated in Parkinson's Disease: A Dynamic PC-MRI Study





Supplementary Figure 1. The scatter graph plots the individual time that elapsed to reach the maximum of postprandial blood flow (BF) along the x-axis and the time to reach the maximum of postprandial blood glucose (BG) along the y-axis. Group membership is color coded. Healthy control (HC) persons are coded as blue circles. Persons with Parkinson's disease (PD) are coded as yellow circles.